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**Committee on Agriculture**

**EXPORT SUBSIDIES, EXPORT CREDITS, EXPORT CREDIT GUARANTEES  
OR INSURANCE PROGRAMMES, INTERNATIONAL FOOD AID AND  
AGRICULTURAL EXPORTING STATE TRADING ENTERPRISES**

BACKGROUND DOCUMENT BY THE SECRETARIAT<sup>1</sup>

*Food Aid*

*Addendum*

This addendum refers to and must be read in conjunction with document G/AG/W/125/Rev.15. It provides information on international Food Aid provided by Members as described in Part C of document G/AG/W/125/Rev.15.

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<sup>1</sup> This document has been prepared under the Secretariat's own responsibility and is without prejudice to the positions of Members or to their rights and obligations under the WTO. It has been prepared for information only and is not intended to provide any authoritative or official legal interpretation of the provisions of the WTO Agreements in general or in relation to any specific entity or measure listed in this document.

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**TABLE ON SOURCE OF DATA**

<b>Member</b>	<b>Source of data</b>
Argentina	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> <li>• Table ES:3 notifications up to G/AG/N/ARG/14 circulated on 18 June 2001</li> </ul>
Australia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> <li>• Table ES:3 notifications up to G/AG/N/AUS/138 circulated on 21 September 2021</li> </ul>
Brazil	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> <li>• Tables ES:1 and ES:3 notifications up to G/AG/N/BRA/62 circulated on 3 November 2020</li> </ul>
Canada	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> <li>• Table ES:1 and ES:3 notifications up to G/AG/N/CAN/135 circulated on 5 May 2020</li> </ul>
China	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> </ul>
Cuba	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Table ES:3 notifications up to G/AG/N/CUB/64 circulated on 20 April 2020</li> </ul>
Czech Republic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Table ES:1 and ES:3 notifications up to G/AG/N/CZE/24 circulated on 30 August 2000</li> </ul>
European Union	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> <li>• Table ES:1 and ES:3 notifications up to G/AG/N/EU/63 circulated on 27 January 2021</li> </ul>
India	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> </ul>
Indonesia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 25 October 2018</li> <li>• Table ES:1 notifications up to G/AG/N/IDN/65 circulated on 15 October 2019</li> </ul>
Japan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> <li>• Table ES:3 notifications up to G/AG/N/JPN/233 and Corr.1 circulated on 3 December 2018 and 13 March 2019</li> </ul>
Kazakhstan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> </ul>
Korea, Republic of	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> </ul>
New Zealand	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> </ul>
Norway	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> <li>• Table ES:1 and ES:3 notifications up to G/AG/N/NOR/106 circulated on 24 May 2019</li> </ul>
Russian Federation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> </ul>
Slovak Republic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Table ES:3 and ES:1 notifications up to G/AG/N/SVK/50 circulated on 27 September 2006</li> </ul>
South Africa	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 20 January 2016</li> <li>• Table ES:1 and ES:3 notifications up to G/AG/N/ZAF/93/Rev.1 circulated on 3 December 2018</li> </ul>
Switzerland	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> <li>• Table ES:3 notifications up to G/AG/N/CHE/111 circulated on 5 October 2021</li> </ul>
Chinese Taipei	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> </ul>
Thailand	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> <li>• Table ES:3 notifications up to G/AG/N/THA/117 circulated on 29 April 2021</li> </ul>
Turkey	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> <li>• Table ES:1 notifications up to G/AG/N/TUR/43 circulated on 19 December 2019</li> </ul>
United States of America	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 14 January 2021</li> <li>• Table ES:1 and ES:3 notifications up to Notification G/AG/N/USA/151 circulated on 31 May 2021</li> </ul>
Viet Nam	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reply to Questionnaire circulated on 20 January 2016</li> </ul>

## Argentina

Argentina was not a Member of the 1999 Food Aid Convention and its extensions.

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:3 – Marketing year (1 January - 31 December)

Product	Unit	1995 <sup>1</sup>	1996 <sup>2</sup>	1997 <sup>3</sup>	1998 <sup>4</sup>	1999 <sup>5</sup>
Wheat and wheat flour	Tonnes	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,000

- 1 The Argentine grant has been set at a minimum annual contribution of 35,000 tonnes of wheat or its equivalent. Of the total volume concerned, 1,556 tonnes of maize (corn) flour (approximately USD 1,000,000) were delivered; the rest remains outstanding.
- 2 The Argentine grant has been set at a minimum annual contribution of 35,000 tonnes of wheat or its equivalent. The aid pledged remains outstanding.
- 3 The Argentine grant has been set at a minimum annual contribution of 35,000 tonnes of wheat or its equivalent. Of the total aid pledged, USD 2 million (approximately 17,500 tonnes of wheat) have been transferred to the WFP; the rest remains outstanding.
- 4 The Argentine grant has been set at a minimum annual contribution of 35,000 tonnes of wheat or its equivalent. Of the total volume concerned, 10,849 tonnes of wheat or its equivalent were delivered.
- 5 Wheat or wheat equivalent.

## Australia

Australia is committed to providing a minimum of AUD 80 million of food assistance per calendar year under the Food Assistance Convention (FAC). All Australian funding is provided as untied cash-based support to the World Food Programme (WFP) and other UN agencies, and in fully grant form. In the 2019-20 Financial Year, Australia provided AUD 89.7 million in food assistance through the WFP.

Australia's approach to food assistance allows the UN World Food Programme flexibility to procure and deliver food assistance efficiently, effectively and in the most timely way possible to those in need. Re-export is not applicable given Australia's approach to providing food assistance through the WFP.

### Food Aid Quantities<sup>1, 2</sup> – Notification ES:3 – Calendar Year

Product	Unit	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Coarse grains	Tonnes	2,486										
Rice	Tonnes	41,180	15,389	14,675	15,127	8,600	8,682	9,145	19,453	8,964	4,990	0
Vegetable oil	Tonnes	901	1,702									
Wheat and wheat flour	Tonnes	197,194	101,929	112,890	140,000	147,999	108,840	128,707	181,519	59,729	123,024	93,417

1 Australia also provided additional food aid in the form of cash contributions to international agencies.

2 Australia untied its food aid in 2005. Since then, Australia has not provided physical food aid. Australia instead provided food assistance in the form of cash contributions to international agencies.

For further information on Australia's food aid contributions, see Table NF:1 notifications.

## Brazil

Consistent with the Bali Ministerial Declaration on Export Competition, Members shall continue to provide information on International Food Aid within the context of an annual examination process, based on the following structure:

In 2020, Brazil did not provide international food aid in-kind in the field of international humanitarian cooperation. The same year, Brazil provided the following humanitarian financial aid that resulted in international humanitarian cooperation in fully grant form:

- i. United Nations in Algeria: In response to a joint appeal from the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR); the World Food Program (WFP); and the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), the government of Brazil donated USD 50,000.00 (fifty thousand dollars) to assist Saharawi refugees living in camps in Tindouf neighbourhoods. The funds were transferred to WFP's local office in Alger to provide food assistance for three months to over 20,000 Saharawi refugees affected by their displacement aggravated by the socio-economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Each person received a monthly food selection that included cereals (rice, barley, and wheat flour), pulses, vegetable oil, sugar, and a mixture of corn and soy with added vitamins and minerals.
- ii. Mali: After receiving an appeal from NGO Mali Horizons, the government of Brazil donated USD 50,000.00 (fifty thousand dollars) to assist an internally displaced Malian population, living in camps near Bamako. The amount was transferred to WFP's Office near Bamako, which collaborated with the NGOs Mali Horizons and World Vision Mali to distribute food vouchers to 260 households. The vouchers were spent at mobile shops whose owners were accredited by WFP beforehand, enabling the aforementioned households to have assorted food supplies for a two-month period; and
- iii. Namibia: The government of Brazil, with the collaboration of WFP, donated USD 100,000.00 (one hundred thousand dollars) to the Namibian Government to help their assistance to the most vulnerable local population affected by famine and/or malnutrition due to one of the worst droughts in the last 35 years, aggravated by the COVID-19 pandemic. The funding was used for specialised supplementary feeding (29 metric tonnes of ready to use supplementary food - RUSF) for malnourished children aged 6 -59 months and pregnant and lactating women.

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:3 – Calendar year

Product	Notified Quantity Unit	1995-1996 <sup>1</sup>	1997	1998-1999 <sup>1</sup>	2000	2001-2004 <sup>1</sup>	2005	2006	2007	2008
Beans	Tonnes						5.7	4.5	5	24.1
Biscuits	Tonnes									0
Cassava (Manioc) flour	Tonnes						3.1	2	0	8.7
Corn flour	Tonnes						3	2	0	0.3
Dried meat	Tonnes									0
Maize	Tonnes				5,000 <sup>2</sup>					3
Milk powder <sup>3</sup>	Tonnes						45.6	2.2	1	906.5
Rice	Tonnes		11,780.3		10,000 <sup>2</sup>		26.5	10.7	12.9	633.6
Soybean oil	Tonnes						5.5	2.7	2	9.8
Sugar	Tonnes						0	0	0	10.8
Uncooked pasta	Tonnes						2.3	2.3	1	5.4
Wheat flour	Tonnes						25.6	0	0	

Product	Notified Quantity Unit	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 <sup>4</sup>	2018	2019
Beans	Tonnes	0	4.3	33,227	5,972.6	233.2		5,664.0				
Biscuits	Tonnes	2.1	0									
Cassava (Manioc) flour	Tonnes	0	11.1									
Corn flour	Tonnes	3.5	0									
Dried meat	Tonnes	1.9	6									
Maize	Tonnes	0	0	16,470	32,226.5							
Milk powder <sup>3</sup>	Tonnes	1,110.9	24									
Rice	Tonnes	44,400	66.8	37,096	154,249.2	26,034.5	12,100	10,816	1,982		14,478.7	4,059
Soybean oil	Tonnes	0	11									
Sugar	Tonnes	7.6	21.1									
Uncooked pasta	Tonnes	0.6	11									
Wheat flour	Tonnes											

1 Food Aid not granted during years 1995, 1996, 1998, 1999, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004.

2 To Angola.

3 Milk powder in 2005-2007 and powdered milk in 2008-2010.

4 Brazil did not provide food aid in 2017.

## Canada

### 1. Product description

All Canadian food assistance is in fully grant form and cash-based.

### 2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided

All Canadian food assistance is in fully grant form and cash-based.

In 2020, Canada exceeded its CAD 250 million minimum annual contribution commitment under the Food Assistance Convention, and provided CAD 443.3 million in food assistance.

### 3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetization was permitted

All Canadian food assistance is provided in fully grant form and is cash-based.

### 4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms

All Canadian food assistance is provided in fully grant form and is cash-based.

### 5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)

Canada's financial assistance for food aid is based on humanitarian needs as set out in assessments and appeals by UN agencies, the Red Cross and INGOs.

### 6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid

No. Re-export is not an option under the terms of Canada's provision of food aid.

### Product Description: Quantity and/or Value of Food Aid Provided:

#### **Food Aid Quantities<sup>1</sup> – Notification ES:1 – Marketing year (1 August - 31 July from 1995 until 1999 and 1 July - 30 June from 2000 until 2013)**

REF	Product	Unit	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
1	Wheat and wheat flour	Tonnes	287,831 <sup>2</sup>	418,153	371,202	333,999	355,126	170,235	254,325	316,426	106,960	212,643	119,566	114,133	92,242	116,613	155,311	98,498	109,941
2	Coarse grains <sup>3</sup>	Tonnes	0	980	40	0	5,939	7,910	4,875	28,697	18,899	21,466	72,097	42,546	26,781	69,277	68,644	76,426	98,518
3	Oilseeds <sup>4</sup>	Tonnes	0	9,150	3,843	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Vegetable oils <sup>5</sup>	Tonnes	21,735	16,551	16,551	1,265	575	6,718	8,983	2,110	3,583	8,890	19,192	15,962	12,390	9,431	14,831	12,886	19,777
5	Oilcakes	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Butter	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Skim milk powder	Tonnes	0	0	36	0	0	43	25	26	21	46	0	0	0	270	1,168	1,887	119
8	Cheese	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Other milk products	Tonnes	0	0	0	24 <sup>7</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	391	0	1,476	0	0



REF	Product	Unit	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
10	Vegetables <sup>6</sup>	Tonnes	11,457	17,366	10,807	22,892	26,087	27,165	36,944	28,351	40,567	27,397	51,193	47,957	33,516	21,556	28,695	22,567	28,951
11	Incorporated products	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

- 1 It includes food aid purchased to all destinations, with the range of products in each category defined as those in Annex I of Canada's Schedule V, Part IV, Section II. Food aid data provided by Global Affairs Canada.
- 2 Wheat only.
- 3 Corn in 1996 and 1997, cereal, maize, maize meal and rice in 1999, includes barley, corn, maize, maize meal and millet in 2000, includes corn and maize in 2001, includes unspecified grains, maize, and maize meals and maize seeds in 2002, includes maize, millet, maize meal and maize seeds in 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2006, includes maize, maize flour, maize meal, maize seeds and millet in 2007, maize, maize meal and millet in 2011.
- 4 Mustard seed in 1996 and 1997.
- 5 Canola oil in 1996-1999, includes canola oil and vegetable oil in 2000, includes vegetable oil in 2001, 2003 and 2004, includes vegetable oil, canola oil and sunflower oil in 2002, includes vegetable oil, palm oil and sunflower oil in 2011.
- 6 Dry peas and beans in 1995-1998, beans peas and pulses in 1999, includes beans, peas, lentils and pulses in 2000, 2001, 2002 and 2003, includes peas, lentils and beans in 2004, includes peas, split peas, lentils, beans and other pulses in 2005, 2006 and 2007, includes peas, split peas (inc. yellow), lentils, split lentils, beans and other pulses in 2011.
- 7 Therapeutic milk.

### Food Aid Quantities<sup>1</sup> – Notification ES:3 – Marketing year (1 August - 31 July<sup>2</sup> from 1995 until 1999 and 1 July - 30 June from 2000 until 2013)

Product	Unit	1995 <sup>3</sup>	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Biscuits	Tonnes								12									
Black tea	Tonnes															157		
Bulgar wheat	Tonnes															16		2,115
Bulgur	Tonnes												1,723	1,479	1,081			
Canned fish	Tonnes		2,207	1,874	2,277							164		75				
Canned meat	Tonnes															169		520
Cassava	Tonnes														10			43
Cassava and sweet potatoes	Tonnes						51											
Chili peppers	Tonnes					7		10	8									
Fish	Tonnes					3,843	2,709	2,836		1,895	1,202							
Fish and fish paste	Tonnes								3,937									
Fortified soya bean oil	Tonnes										420							
Fortified wheat flour	Tonnes										5,319							
High energy biscuits	Tonnes												255	161	243	5,849	3,520	1,472
Infant formula	Tonnes															1,709		
Locally blended foods	Tonnes											2,471	1,046	3,204	286		3,554	
Maize-soya blend	Tonnes					2,069			1,004	2,744	200	2,530	6,767	3,660	25,597	17,474	14,519	29,007
Micronutrients	Tonnes																1,087	8
Nuts	Tonnes															6		
Nutritional supplements <sup>4</sup>	Tonnes															1,066		2,950
Other <sup>5</sup>	Tonnes						668	3,806	4,831	14,966	12,224	155	18	174			402	5,870
Other vegetable oils (Vegetable oil, soya oil and other oils)	Tonnes					5,854												
Pasta	Tonnes														228			1,435
Rice <sup>6</sup>	Tonnes								3,400	7,724	8,259	13,324	16,828	17,520	21,387	33,104	46,725	41,495
Salt <sup>7</sup>	Tonnes					15	64	37	166	84	131		966	825	2,207	5,569	1,733	3,142

Product	Unit	1995 <sup>3</sup>	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Sorghum <sup>8</sup>	Tonnes									4,378	1,817	298	1,546	9475	7,552		3,416	10,552
Sorghum and rice	Tonnes						1,799	2,497										
Soybean oil	Tonnes		2,223	3,827	2,898		1,614	643										
Soybeans	Tonnes								1,520	1,479		215		243				
Sugar	Tonnes						457	430	158	364	623	413	720	423	1,190	5,313	6,694	3,674
Tea	Tonnes						1							1				2
Therapeutic milk and milk formula	Tonnes								773									
Unimix <sup>9</sup>	Tonnes								147	776	49	339	28	287				7
Various seeds <sup>10</sup>	Tonnes								263	619	432	1,247	230	1,243	678	1,113	674	366
Vegetables <sup>11</sup>	Tonnes														22	161		3
Wheat-soya blend	Tonnes									19	729	38	157	113	494	157	475	298

1 In addition to Food Aid notified in table ES:1.

2 The 1 August – 31 July period has no significance for Canadian food aid; it has been chosen to facilitate notification of all data related to Canada's export subsidy commitments using the same time-period.

3 No other product within the coverage of the Agreement on Agriculture than those in notification ES:1 are provided as food aid.

4 Includes: mixed ready-to-use supplementary food, fortified food, high energy supplements and micro-nutrient powder.

5 Includes unimix, premix, seeds and corn-soy blend in 2000, micronutrient, seeds, corn-soy blend and others in 2001, faffa and likuna phala in 2002, faffa, local blended foods and fortified biscuits in 2003, faffa, groundnuts, chillies and unspecified local foods in 2004, cassava and unspecified local foods in 2005 onion, spices and potatoes in 2006, unspecified products in 2007, and unspecified products, canned beef, canned fish, other vegetables and bulgur in 2010, includes super cereal and sugar, chickpeas, faffa, famix and flour manioc in 2011.

6 Includes rice seed in 2007 and 2008.

7 Iodized in 2010 and 2011.

8 Includes sorghum seed in 2007 and 2008, includes sorghum/millet in 2011.

9 Unimix and premix in 2002, Unimix and Famix in 2003, Unimix and Manna mix in 2004, Unimix mix in 2005 – 2007.

10 Includes sorghum, peanuts, bean, cassava, Irish potato, rice, soya, mixed vegetables, sweet potato and groundnuts in 2002, unspecified seeds and seeds from the following commodities: chickpeas, cowpeas, pulses, sorghum, groundnuts, beans, cassava, potatoes, rice, soya, vegetables, and sweet potatoes in 2003, mixed seeds and seeds from the following commodities: rice, Irish potatoes, wheat, groundnuts, vegetables, teff, millet, chickpeas, sorghum, barley, faba beans, triticale, haricot beans, cassava, sweet potatoes and oats in 2004, mixed seeds and seeds from the following commodities: rice, beans, groundnuts, sorghum, vegetables, cassava, sweet potatoes, sunflower seeds, potatoes, and soybeans in 2005, mixed seeds and seeds from the following commodities: rice, groundnuts, sorghum and soybeans in 2006.

11 Other than peas, split peas, beans and other pulses in 2008, other than peas, split peas, lentils, beans and other pulses in 2009, limited to onions in 2011.

**Since marketing year 2012/2013:** Following the deposit of instruments of ratification, the new Food Assistance Convention entered into force on 1 January 2013. Canada's minimum annual commitment of food assistance is expressed in terms of value. Therefore, information is no longer available on a product by product basis.

## China

Consistent with the Bali Ministerial Declaration on Export Competition, Members shall continue to provide information on International Food Aid within the context of an annual examination process, based on the following structure:

### **1. Product description**

Nil.

### **2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided**

In 2019, China provided USD 22.9 million (cash) for food aid to seven countries including Zimbabwe, Mozambique, Namibia, Lesotho, Yemen, Congo (Brazzaville) and Dominica through the United Nations World Food Program.

In 2020, through the United Nations World Food Program and the United Nations Children's Fund, China provided USD 6 million (cash) for food aid to Ethiopia, Guinea, South Sudan, and the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

### **3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted**

Food aid is provided on cash basis.

### **4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

The aid is provided in fully grant form with no concessional terms.

### **5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

Aid is provided through the United Nations World Food Program and the United Nations Children's Fund in accordance with emergency humanitarian assistance requests from relevant countries.

### **6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

Nil.

## Cuba

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:3 – Calendar year

Product	Unit	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002 <sup>1</sup>	2003 <sup>1</sup>	2004 <sup>1</sup>	2005 <sup>1</sup>	2006 <sup>1</sup>	2007 <sup>1</sup>
Sugar	Tonnes	2,613	2,688	0	2,630	0	0	0	3,137	1,777	860	2,667	2,657	2,659

Product	Unit	2008 <sup>1</sup>	2009 <sup>1</sup>	2010	2011 <sup>1</sup>	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016-2019
Sugar	Tonnes	2,665	2,637.236	2,500.032	2,500	1,046.601	0	502	2,500	0

1 Raw sugar, 96° polarization.

## Czech Republic

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:1 – Calendar year

Ref	Product	Unit	1995-1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004 <sup>1</sup>
1	Beef	Thousand Tonnes	0	0.097	0	0	0	0	0
2	Pork	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0.02	0	0
3	Poultry, eggs, poultry products	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Sheep meat	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Milk powder	Thousand Tonnes	0	0.343	0.08	59.28	0.03	0	0
6	Other dairy products	Thousand Tonnes	0	0.2152	0.073	0	0.03	0	0
7	Fruit, vegetables, their products	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Hop seeds	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Vegetable oil fats	Thousand Tonnes	0	0.079	0	0	0.02	0	0
10	Sugars, sugar, confectionery	Thousand Tonnes	0	0.105	0.07	0.18	0.02	0	0
11	Beer	Million Litres	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Wine	Million Litres	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Spirits, beverages	Million Litres	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Starch	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Malt	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Cereals, flour products	Thousand Tonnes	0	0.143	0	0	0	0.174	0

1 Until 30 April only – Accession of the Czech Republic to the European Union.

2 Butter: 63 tonnes; cheeses: 152 tonnes.

3 Cheeses: 50 tonnes; other dairy products: 20 tonnes.

4 Flour only.

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:3 – Calendar year

Product	Unit	1995-1996 <sup>1</sup>	1997	1998	1999
Child nourishment	Tonnes				12
Milk powder	Tonnes		2 <sup>2</sup>		
Mineral waters	Litres			15,000	

1 The Czech Republic did not apply in 1995 and in 1996 any quantities of food aid notifiable under Table ES:3.

2 To Albania.

## European Union<sup>2</sup>

*Some EU Member States have provided in 2020 in-kind food aid strictly in emergency situations. Details of the bilateral programmes which include in-kind food aid as operated by the EU Member States are provided below:*

### **Austria**

#### **1. Product description**

*Project based food aid.*

#### **2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided**

*Under the Food Assistance Convention Austria is committed to provide EUR 1,495 million as food aid; like other Members Austria exceeded its obligation with EUR 1.6 million delivered through WFP.*

#### **3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted**

*Austria funded two WFP projects for Syria and Lebanon on a cash basis; no monetisation was permitted.*

*(ad Syria: A potential contribution of EUR 1 million from the Austrian Federal Ministry of Agriculture, Regions and Tourism (BMLRT) would enable WFP Syria to support approximately 100,000 beneficiaries with G(eneral) F(ood) A(ssistance), under Strategic Outcome 1 of the WFP Syria Interim Country Strategic Plan. Assistance would be provided either through cash-based transfers (CBT) - depending on final approval and roll out of CBT and where the market allows - or through in-kind distributions. The food basket currently includes the following commodities: bulgur wheat, rice, pasta, split lentils, whole lentils, chickpeas, vegetable oil, iodized salt and sugar.)*

*(ad Lebanon: A potential contribution of EUR 600,000 from the Austrian Ministry of Agriculture, Regions and Tourism (BMLRT) and channelled to WFP through the Austrian Development Agency would enable WFP Lebanon to support approximately 29,124 beneficiaries with USD 21 per person in CBT for one month, under WFP's emergency response in Lebanon).*

#### **4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

*Fully grant form.*

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<sup>2</sup> The United Kingdom withdrew from the European Union as of 1 February 2020. During the transition period, which ends on 31 December 2020, Union law, with a few limited exceptions, continues to be applicable to and in the United Kingdom.

**5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

*In cooperation with the Austrian Development Agency and the Federal Ministry for European and international affairs; in 2020 needs assessment was carried out in response to emergency appeals through World Food Programme.*

**6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

*No, it is not an option.*

**Bulgaria**

**1. Product description**

- 1. Emergency appeal by Albania, North Macedonia and Serbia. (Flour, rice, sugar, pasta, biscuits).*
- 2. Emergency appeal through the World Food Programme to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.*
- 3. Emergency appeal through the World Food Programme to Yemen.*

**2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided**

- 1. 5336 food packages / EUR 20,292*
- 2. EUR 5,000*
- 3. EUR 50,000*

**3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted**

- 1. Provided on in-kind basis.*
- 2. Cash.*
- 3. Cash.*

**4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

- 1. In fully grant form.*

2. *In fully grant form.*

3. *In fully grant form.*

**5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

/

**6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

1. *Re-export not an option.*

2. *Re-export not an option.*

3. *Re-export not an option.*

**Czech Republic**

**1. Product description**

*Food vouchers and feeding schemes for disaster and conflict affected populations (Iraq, Myanmar, Syria, Yemen, Zambia).*

**2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided**

*2020: CZK 33,280,000*

**3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted**

*From donor financial contribution, for recipients partly in-kind food distribution, partly cash or voucher based, partly therapeutic feeding schemes for malnourished/staunting children, monetisation permitted*

**4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

*100% grant form.*



**5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

*UNICEF/UNRWA/WFP assessments, appeals and programmes - protracted emergencies (Burkina Faso, Gaza, Syria, Yemen), bilateral assessments - urgent emergency assistance (Mali, Zambia).*

**6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

*No re-export, mostly locally/regionally produced and procured food*

***Finland***

**1. Product description**

-

**2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided**

*In 2020 Finland provided cash contributions to WFP to the amount of EUR 23,5 million*

**3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted**

*International food aid from Finland is provided as non tied, un ear marked cash contribution to WFP humanitarian country/regional operations.*

**4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

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**5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

-

**6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

-

## **France**

### **1. Product description**

*Food assistance program 2020.*

### **2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided**

*EUR 50,6 M.*

### **3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted**

*Food assistance totally provided on a cash-based basis.*

*Monetisation is not permitted.*

### **4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

*Earmarking level: "Tied" (by project and country level)*

### **5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

*The French food assistance program's core objectives are to reinforce, mainly in post-humanitarian emergency situations, the resilience of populations and to tackle malnutrition through nutritional assistance operations. 34 countries benefited from the program and 83 projects were carried out in 2020, reaching more than 4 million people. France's 19 priority countries for development aid (1) received more than 52% of the funding. 64% of the food assistance funds were allocated to sub-Saharan Africa (EUR 32.35 million), 24% to North African and Middle East (EUR 11.96 million), 8% to Asian countries (EUR 4.2 million) and 4% to the American and Caribbean zone (EUR 2.1 million). The leading operator of the French food assistance program in 2020 remained the World Food Program (WFP), receiving more than 53% of the funding. Further allocation targeted other international organizations (FAO, ICRC, UNRWA, UNICEF, UN Women) for 30% and NGOs for the remaining 17% of the funding.*

*Needs assessments are established on an annual basis (SOFI, Global Network against Food crisis...), and provided regularly by the DG-ECHO (European Commission), the Food Assistance Committee (Food Assistance Convention), French embassies, NGOs and International Organisations. In 2020, two major emergency appeals were carried out, notably by the FAO (regional Desert locust response) and the WFP (appeal to support Covid-19 response in West Africa...), to which France responded with an aid of EUR 12.25 million.*

*1: List of priority countries for French development assistance: Benin, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Comoros, Djibouti, Ethiopia, The Gambia, Guinea, Haiti, Liberia, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Central Africa Republic, Democratic Republic of Congo, Senegal, Chad, Togo.*

**6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

*No re-export of food assistance.*

**Germany**

**1. Product description**

*Funding for humanitarian food assistance security provided by GFFO.*

**2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided**

*EUR 653,558,234*

**3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted**

*Assistance provided as cash-based financial contributions to International Organizations and non-governmental organisations.*

**4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

*Assistance provided in fully grant form.*

**5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

*Humanitarian food assistance is provided in emergency and crises contexts.*

**6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

*Nil.*

**Luxembourg**

**1. Product description**

*Financial contribution.*

## **2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided**

*Min. EUR 4 million annually in line with its commitment under the Food Assistance Convention.*

## **3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted**

*Luxembourg does not provide in-kind food aid. The support is provided on untied cash-based basis.*

## **4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

*Fully grant form.*

## **5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

*The support provided through humanitarian partners, including WFP, is money that is earmarked for contexts or activities and is to be used for humanitarian operations to serve those in need. Additional assistance is provided on the basis of inter alia emergency appeals and humanitarian response plans.*

## **6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

*No.*

## **Slovenia**

### **1. Product description**

*Contribution to WFP (2020); Annual commitment of food assistance under Food Assistance Convention (2020, 2018, 2017, 2016).*

### **2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided**

*2020: EUR 30,000.00 (Yemen), EUR 45,000.00 (WFP); 2018: EUR 20,000.00 (Yemen); 2017: EUR 30,000.00 (Somalia), EUR 30,000.00 (South Sudan), EUR 30,000.00 (Yemen); 2016: EUR 50,000.00 (Haiti), EUR 30,000.00 (Somalia), EUR 30,000.00 (South Sudan).*

### **3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted**

*Financial contribution to WFP. It was provided as a financial contribution to WFP for: Yemen, Somalia, South Sudan, Haiti.*

### **4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

*Fully grant.*

**5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

*As a part of Global Response to COVID-19 Plan. As a part of humanitarian response to Humanitarian Response Plan for Yemen. As a part of humanitarian response for South Sudan. As a part of OCHA appeal for Somalia. As a part of WFP appeal for South Sudan. As a part of emergency humanitarian response for Haiti after hurricane Matthew (OCHA Flash Appeal).*

**6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

*/.*

**Spain**

**1. Product description**

*Project based food aid.*

**2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided**

*EUR 11,430,500*

**3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted**

*Partly in-kind, partly cash and voucher based.*

**4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

*Fully grant form. There are no concessional terms.*

**5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

*Aid is provided by the Spanish Agency for International Development Cooperation (AECID). Needs assessment is carried out by AECID. Assistance is channelled to WFP, OCHA, UNICEF, ICRC and IFRC, as part of Humanitarian response plans and emergency appeals, as well as to national and International NGO's. These appeals may include other kinds of assistance apart from food aid. In some of these cases, given the nature of the appeal it is not possible to know exactly which part of our whole allocation was finally allocated to food assistance.*

**6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

*No.*

## Sweden

### 1. Product description

Financial contribution.

### 2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided

WFP: SEK 1.57 billion; FAO: SEK 93 million.

### 3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted

Sweden does not provide in-kind support. The support is provided on untied cash-based basis.

### 4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms

Fully grant form.

### 5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)

The core support provided through WFP is flexible money to be used for humanitarian activities to save lives where needed. Additional humanitarian assistance is channelled to organizations through a comparative needs-based methodology. Support is provided to FAO and WFP, which work within coordinated Humanitarian Response Plans.

### 6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid

No.

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:1<sup>1</sup>

Marketing Year, 1 July - 30 June except for:

Rice, wine (Marketing Year, 1 September - 31 August)

Olive oil (Marketing Year, 1 November - 31 October)

Sugar (Marketing Year, 1 October - 30 September)

Ref	Product	Unit	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010-2014 <sup>2</sup>	2015 <sup>2</sup>	2016 <sup>2</sup>	2017 <sup>2</sup>	2018
1	Wheat and wheat flour	Thousand Tonnes	1,536.9	775.6	711.1	1186.1	630.8	436.4	170.9	406	239.6	151.2	24.1	116.9	116.4	76.7 <sup>3</sup>	9.9 <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0
2	Coarse grains	Thousand Tonnes	258.3	205	215.5	119.3	136.5	44.8	58.2	86.5	90.7	29.4	355.6	43.8	19.4	11.9 <sup>3</sup>	4.2 <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0
3	Rice	Thousand Tonnes	91.8	42.5	110.2	125.5	63.5	21.2	51.5	42.3	18.2	14.2	0	6.9	6.1	0.8 <sup>3</sup>	1.4 <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0
4	Rapeseed	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Ref	Product	Unit	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010-2014 <sup>2</sup>	2015 <sup>2</sup>	2016 <sup>2</sup>	2017 <sup>2</sup>	2018
5	Olive oil	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Sugar	Thousand Tonnes	15.8	19.5	19.8	10	22	24.3	25.1	16.7	8.5	14.2	17.3	10.1	11.1	6.1 <sup>4</sup>	12.5 <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0	0
7	Butter and butteroil	Thousand Tonnes	1.2	0	0.4	0	0.2	0.3	0.8	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Skim milk powder	Thousand Tonnes	12.5	5	6	2.5	46	1.9	0	0	1.5	0	0	0	0.5	0.1	0.1	0	0	0.0018 <sup>6</sup>	0	0
9	Cheese	Thousand Tonnes	2	0.6	0	0	0.5	0	0	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Other milk products	Thousand Tonnes	4.8	1.7	0.8	0.5	2.2	1.1	0	0.6	0	0.2	0.9	0	0	0	0	0	0 <sup>5</sup>	4.5 <sup>5</sup>	19.2	0
11	Beef meat	Thousand Tonnes	1.2	1.6	2.1	53.9	101.8	0	19.2	8.6	0	0.5	5.5	2.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Pigmeat	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0.2	22	36.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Poultry meat	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Eggs	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Wine	Thousand Hectolitres	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Fruit and vegetables, fresh	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0.1	1.4	0	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Fruit and vegetables, processed	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Raw tobacco	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Alcohol	Thousand Hectolitres	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Incorporated products	Thousand Tonnes	6.7	15.1	12.1	9.1	17	8	11.6	18.8	26.5	0	0.4	2	0.5	15.8	21.9 <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0

- 1 Members are to provide data on food aid to all destinations; unless otherwise indicated quantities listed are in product weight for the marketing year in question.
- 2 No food aid provided in physical form, except if noted otherwise. The European Union has provided food assistance in the form of cash contributions to international agencies, according to its international commitments.
- 3 Food aid for this group of products did not benefit from export subsidies.
- 4 These exports did not attract any export refunds.
- 5 After reception of final data of the In-kind emergency food aid granted by the European Union and distributed by the World Food Programme within the period 2016-2018.
- 6 In-kind emergency food aid granted by the Czech Republic during calendar year 2016. For more info, see EU replies to the annual Export Competition questionnaire.

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:3 – Marketing year (1 July - 30 June)<sup>1</sup>

Product	Unit <sup>2</sup>	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Beef meat	Thousand Tonnes												0.5	0.1	0.3	
Coarse grains	Thousand Tonnes	234.1	288.4	406.6	383.2	162.5	364.4	375.9	370.8	758.7	522.2	426.2	674.4	388.7	121.7	87.6
Fresh tomatoes	Thousand Tonnes			4.5												
Fruit and vegetable (processed)	Thousand Tonnes												0.7			
Fruits and vegetables	Thousand Tonnes														2.1	0.1
Incorporated products	Thousand Tonnes	0.3	11.2	34	48.3	13.5	21.4	10.2	48.3	103.8	3.5	0.8	0.9	0.1	22.8	20
Milk products	Thousand Tonnes								1.2							
Miscellaneous	Thousand Tonnes														0.3	0.6
Olive oil	Thousand Tonnes					2.3										
Other dairy products	Thousand Tonnes										2.2	0.3	3.9	2.5	3.7	1
Pulses	Thousand Tonnes	36	65.3	102.7	54.6	46.2	171.4	33.2	78.7	343.3	96.8	120.9	111.9	75.5	38.1	40.6
Rice	Thousand Tonnes	19.4	162.7	90.2	87.9	38.6	46.9	128.8	70.5	90.7	119	134.8	122.5	381.4	75.4	45.6
Seeds	Thousand Tonnes										1.6	4.9	8.1	2.8	9.3	67.6

Product	Unit <sup>2</sup>	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Skimmed milk powder	Thousand Tonnes															0.4
Sugar	Thousand Tonnes					2.3	2.4	1.7	2.3	16	17.4	16.6	18.5	12.9	10.7	3.9
Tomato concentrate	Thousand Tonnes	0.5														
Vegetable oil	Thousand Tonnes	43	19.8	56.6	16.8	7.4	54	44.5	102.9	291	50.6	96.5	68.9	40.4	17.1	9.4
Wheat and wheat flour	Thousand Tonnes	24.2	216.1	239.8	284	34.2	53.5	209.3	373.2	306.1	509.5	607.8	655.7	358.7	154.3	128.4

1 Food aid purchased outside the Community, not included in Table ES:1 except for:

**PULSES**

1995: of which 29,700 tonnes were purchased outside the Community.

1996: of which 33 thousand tonnes were purchased outside the Community.

1997: of which 64,200 tonnes were purchased outside the Community.

1998: of which 50,788 tonnes were purchased outside the Community.

1999: of which 46,200 tonnes were purchased outside the Community.

2003: of which 70,700 tonnes were purchased outside the Community.

**VEGETABLE OIL**

1995, 1996, 1998: no footnote.

1997: of which 19,900 tonnes were purchased outside the Community.

2000: of which 39,400 tonnes were purchased outside the Community.

2001: of which 26,700 tonnes were purchased outside the Community.

2002: of which 71,200 tonnes were purchased outside the Community.

2003: of which 115,600 tonnes were purchased outside the Community.

**TOMATO CONCENTRATE**

1995: no footnote.

2 Unless otherwise indicated, quantities listed are in product weight (wheat equivalent for wheat and wheat flour).

**United Kingdom**

**1. Product description**

All UK funding for food assistance is provided as untied cash-based support to the UN World Food Programme (WFP) and other partners, and in fully grant form.

**2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided**

In the FY 2020, UK provided GBP 325 m in food assistance with the majority provided through the WFP (GBP 200 m).

**3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted**

All UK funding is provided as untied cash-based support to the UN World Food Programme (WFP) and other smaller partners, and in fully grant form.



#### **4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

*All UK funding is provided as untied cash-based support to the UN World Food Programme (WFP) and other partners, and in fully grant form.*

#### **5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

*For protracted crisis all UK assistance is prioritised and funded against UN wide in-country Humanitarian Response Plans and Humanitarian Needs Overviews, which draws on needs assessment data and analysis from Food Security Cluster. In many of the contexts where the UK is a key humanitarian donor, the WFP/FAO/UNICEF Integrated Food Security Phase Classification is an important part of this needs assessment as well as Joint-Integrated Needs Assessment where they exist in-country. For rapid onset crises – an intervention criteria is applied for rapid onset emergencies ([https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/439162/Intervention\\_Criteria\\_Template\\_UPDATE\\_220620\\_15\\_1600.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/439162/Intervention_Criteria_Template_UPDATE_220620_15_1600.pdf)). This criteria includes whether a host Government has declared an emergency and requested international assistance).*

#### **6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

*Re-export is not applicable given UK's approach to providing food assistance through the WFP and other international partners.*

## India

### 1. Product Description and

### 2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided

During 2019-20, India provided international food aid for the following products:

Product Description	Quantity and/or value of food aid provided (MT – Tonnes)
Wheat (Indigenous)	1,585.125 - Republic of Korea
Rice (Non- Basmati)	1,000 - Comoros
	1,000 - Madagascar
Seeds	6.18 - Fiji

### 3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted

All the food aid is provided on in-kind basis with no monetisation permitted.

### 4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms

All food assistance is in fully-grant form.

### 5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)

Emergency appeal by partner country.

### 6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of provision of food aid

Re-export of food aid is NOT an option under the terms of provision of food aid.

## Indonesia

### 1. Product description

Rice (HS 1006) – 2017 (G/AG/N/IDN/59).

### 2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided

5000 tonnes to Myanmar (for Rohingya crisis).

### 3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetization was permitted

Provided on in-kind basis and monetization was not permitted.

### 4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms

In fully grant form.

### 5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)

Assessment was carried out by Inter-Ministry Limited Coordination Meeting held by the Coordinating Ministry for Human Development and Cultural Affairs which then instructed Ministry of Social Affairs to provide food aid to Myanmar.

### 6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid

No, re-export of food aid is not an option.

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:1 – Calendar year

Ref	Product	Unit	1995-2012	2013	2014-2016	2017	2018
1	Rice	Tonnes	0	2,000	0	5,000	0

## Japan

### 1. Product description

Rice, Wheat, Wheat flour, Canned tuna, Maize, CSB (Corn soy blend), WSB (Wheat soy blend), Beans, etc.

### 2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided

#### Fiscal year, Value (Yen):

2012: Yen 10.0 billion;  
2013: Yen 10.7 billion;  
2014: Yen 10.0 billion;  
2015: Yen 9.5 billion;  
2016: Yen 9.4 billion;  
2017: Yen 11.1 billion;  
2018: Yen 9.5 billion;  
2019: Yen 8.1 billion;  
2020: Yen 8.0 billion.

### 3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetization was permitted

Based on the Food Assistance Convention, Japan provides funds for purchasing food. Japan has the Counterpart Funds<sup>3</sup> system and permits re-monetisation of the food purchased. Recipient countries are required to secure transparency on the use of the Counterpart Funds for their own social and economic development projects.

### 4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms

In fully grant form.

### 5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)

Japan provides food assistance in keeping with the needs assessment based on the requests by recipient countries or emergency appeal from international organizations such as WFP.

### 6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid

Re-export of food assistance is not permitted.

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<sup>3</sup> Counterpart Funds: Recipient countries are obliged to deposit all the proceeds from sales, or re-monetisation, more than two thirds of the FOB price of the foods in local currency, which procured by the funds from Japan. These funds are used in other social and economic development projects, including agricultural development programs. Selection of the projects, for which these funds are to be used, is carried out in advance through consultation between the government of the recipient country and the Government of Japan.

**Food Aid Quantities<sup>1</sup> – Notification ES:3 – Fiscal Year (1 April - 31 March) 1997- 2012**

Product	Destination	Unit	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Beans	Lesotho (through WFP)	Tonnes							1,176									
Biscuit, fortified noodle	Indonesia (through WFP)	Tonnes								1,400								
Bulgur wheat	Liberia (through WFP)	Tonnes									2,314							
Bulgur wheat	West Africa Coastal (in Sierra Leone, Guinea) (through WFP)	Tonnes								3,930								
Bulgur wheat, pulses	Liberia (through WFP)	Tonnes										1,779						
Bulgur wheat, pulses, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Sierra Leone (through WFP)	Tonnes										1,663						
Canned fish	Cambodia (through WFP)	Tonnes															400	
Canned fish	Ghana (through WFP)	Tonnes															365	
Canned fish	Democratic Republic of Congo (through WFP)	Tonnes															343	
Canned fish	Senegal (through WFP)	Tonnes															486	
Canned fish	Sri Lanka (through WFP)	Tonnes															232	
Canned tuna	Caucasus	Tonnes				545												
Canned tuna	Democratic Republic of Congo (through WFP)	Tonnes							354									
Canned tuna	Sri Lanka (through WFP)	Tonnes					281											
Coarse grains	African Refugees (through WFP)	Tonnes			49,881													
Coarse grains	Haiti	Tonnes			12,673													
Coarse grains	Kenya (through WFP)	Tonnes			15,511	18,632												
Coarse grains	Malawi	Tonnes	10,802															
Coarse grains	Somalia (through WFP)	Tonnes	1,689															
Coarse grains	Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes	5,330	4,613	9,774	6,794												
CSB <sup>2</sup>	Chad (through WFP)	Tonnes																2,318
CSB <sup>2</sup>	Guinea-Bissau (through WFP)	Tonnes														2,736		

Product	Destination	Unit	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
CSB <sup>2</sup>	Lesotho (through WFP)	Tonnes																993
CSB <sup>2</sup>	Somalia	Tonnes																2,477
CSB <sup>2</sup>	Swaziland (through WFP)	Tonnes											1,517					
CSB <sup>2</sup>	Timor-Leste (through WFP)	Tonnes													1,473			
CSB <sup>2</sup> , pulses	Nicaragua (through WFP)	Tonnes										1,110						
CSB <sup>2</sup> , pulses	Philippines (through WFP)	Tonnes										1,760						
CSB <sup>2</sup> , vegetable oil, maize	Zimbabwe (through WFP)	Tonnes							983									
CSB <sup>2</sup> , Wheat flour, Pulses, Vegetable oil	Bolivia, Plurinational State of (through WFP)	Tonnes												5,959				
Maize	Cabo Verde	Tonnes						3,029										
Maize	Central African Republic	Tonnes																1,892
Maize	Ethiopia, Somalia, Sudan in Kenya (through WFP)	Tonnes						3,491										
Maize	Kenya	Tonnes														16,440		
Maize	Lesotho (through WFP)	Tonnes						3,472										
Maize	Malawi (through WFP)	Tonnes						8,680			4,317	6,086						
Maize	Senegal	Tonnes						2,881										
Maize	Somalia and Sudan in Kenya (through WFP)	Tonnes							2,111									
Maize	Uganda (through WFP)	Tonnes																7,927
Maize	Zambia (through WFP)	Tonnes						5,208	1,891		3,329							
Maize	Zimbabwe (through WFP)	Tonnes									3,339	2,443	6,703					
Maize and wheat flour	Kenya (through WFP)	Tonnes					14,441											
Maize flour	Democratic Republic of Congo (through WFP except in 2008 and 2009 not mentioned)	Tonnes												13,130	10,824			
Maize flour	Lesotho (through WFP)	Tonnes												3,456				
Maize flour	Swaziland	Tonnes													11,948			

Product	Destination	Unit	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Maize flour, Canned tuna	Democratic Republic of Congo (through WFP)	Tonnes													1,770			
Maize flour, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Guinea-Bissau (through WFP)	Tonnes													3,504			
Maize flour, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Lesotho (through WFP)	Tonnes															1,645/ 1,181	
Maize flour, CSB <sup>2</sup> , YSP <sup>3</sup>	Lesotho (through WFP)	Tonnes													3,000			
Maize flour, Pulses	Chad (through WFP)	Tonnes												1,771				
Maize flour, Pulses, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Uganda (through WFP)	Tonnes													6,133			
Maize flour, YSP <sup>3</sup>	Central African Republic (through WFP)	Tonnes															1,431/ 391	
Maize flour, YSP <sup>3</sup>	Chad (through WFP)	Tonnes															1,462/ 1,173	
Maize flour, YSP <sup>3</sup> , CSB <sup>2</sup>	Chad (through WFP)	Tonnes													2,560			
Maize meal	Democratic Republic of Congo (through WFP)	Tonnes						5,823										
Maize meal	Lesotho (through WFP)	Tonnes								1,798	2,167	1,589						
Maize meal	Swaziland (through WFP)	Tonnes								1,772	2,134	1,783						
Maize meal, CSB <sup>2</sup> , pulses	Lesotho (through WFP)	Tonnes											2,937					
Maize meal, beans	Malawi (through WFP)	Tonnes							2,574									
Maize meal, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Central African Republic (through WFP)	Tonnes														1,465/ 338		
Maize meal, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Lesotho (through WFP)	Tonnes														3,928/ 602		
Maize meal, YSP <sup>3</sup>	Chad (through WFP)	Tonnes														2,500/ 925		
Maize, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Uganda (through WFP)	Tonnes								2,029		2,991				3,411/ 1,846		
Maize, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Zambia (through WFP)	Tonnes								2,029		2,991						
Maize, CSB <sup>2</sup> , pulses	Central America (in Nicaragua, Honduras, El Salvador, Guatemala) (through WFP)	Tonnes						6,805										

Product	Destination	Unit	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Maize, CSB <sup>2</sup> , pulses	Great Lakes (in Burundi, Rwanda, Tanzania) (through WFP)	Tonnes						12,011										
Maize, CSB <sup>2</sup> , pulses	Philippines (through WFP)	Tonnes									2,076							
Maize, CSB <sup>2</sup> , pulses	Swaziland (through WFP)	Tonnes						1,595										
Maize, beans	Central America (in Nicaragua, Honduras, El Salvador, Guatemala) (through WFP)	Tonnes							1,540	6,266								
Maize, canned tuna	Nicaragua (through WFP)	Tonnes									1,630							
Maize, CSB <sup>2</sup> , Pulse Wheat	Ethiopia (through WFP)	Tonnes												14,398				
Maize, Maize meal	Uganda (through WFP)	Tonnes						9,684										
Maize, Pulses	Swaziland (through WFP)	Tonnes												1,766				
Maize, Pulses	Zimbabwe (through WFP)	Tonnes																5,000/ 3,000
Maize, Pulses, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Uganda (through WFP)	Tonnes												5,683				
Maize, Pulses, vegetable oil, salt	Angola (through WFP)	Tonnes							4,656									
Maize, rice	Malawi (through WFP)	Tonnes											6,973					
Maize, Sorghum	Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes						7,048										
Maize, YSP <sup>3</sup>	Guinea (through WFP)	Tonnes														5,000/ 1,760		
Maize, YSP <sup>3</sup>	Somalia (through WFP)	Tonnes															1,000/ 222	
Pulse	Malawi (through WFP)	Tonnes								1,320								
Pulse, Canned tuna	Democratic Republic of Congo (through WFP)	Tonnes						2,054										
Pulse, WSB <sup>4</sup>	Myanmar (through WFP)	Tonnes													4,199			
Rice	Afghan Refugees (through WFP)	Tonnes	9,979															
Rice	Angola	Tonnes	12,112		16,030	22,414	20,002	14,066	4,798	4,598	5,792	2,575						



Product	Destination	Unit	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Rice	Bangladesh (through WFP except in 1999 not mentioned)	Tonnes		25,025	30,007					12,528		5,960		8,315				
Rice	Benin	Tonnes	5,106	3,612	4,413	7,743	4,366	5,117	5,134	4,474	5,562			10,831	12,105	8,301	5,932	6,654
Rice	Burkina Faso	Tonnes	7,599	7,352	7,561	8,025		6,485	6,100	5,510	5,303	4,386	5,270	14,142	12,251		7,664	
Rice	Burundi (through WFP – except in 2009 not mentioned)	Tonnes									2,070		3,220	3,685	5,681			
Rice	Cambodia (through WFP)	Tonnes	16,532	10,200	15,917	21,050	21,030	21,155	14,936									
Rice	Cabo Verde	Tonnes	3,585	2,800	3,614	5,701	4,251	4,024	3,691	2,900	3,523	2,532	3,102	5,777	5,409	6,376	3,652	
Rice	Central African Republic (through WFP)	Tonnes											2,874	2,499				
Rice	Comoros	Tonnes	4,569											7,500		1,745	1,183	3,763
Rice	Côte d'Ivoire (through WFP – except in 2008 and 2009 not mentioned)	Tonnes							2,381	2,300	2,303	2,183		7,158 +8473	9,016			9,624
Rice	Democratic Republic of the Congo	Tonnes							6,577	3,703	7,138	5,212	6,162	8,558		16,830		13,095
Rice	Djibouti	Tonnes	5,078	3,717	4,100				3,661	3,394	1,923	1,646		15,018				
Rice	Gambia	Tonnes						5,658	4,903	3,814	3,241	3,290		7,931		12,609	4,503	5,049
Rice	Ghana	Tonnes		4,793	8,512	10,623	10,504							8,061	16,035	19,195		
Rice	Great Lakes (in Burundi, Rwanda, Tanzania) (through WFP)	Tonnes							3,224									
Rice	Guinea (through WFP in 2006)	Tonnes	4,831	5,005	6,400	13,754	11,260	10,031	9,435	7,561	6,626	1,726	5,746					
Rice	Guinea-Bissau (through WFP)	Tonnes										1,136	2,240	2,659				
Rice	Haiti (through WFP in 2004)	Tonnes	10,055	8,170		10,751	10,246	7,071		3,490	6,777	5,350	7,649	8,355	10,573		8,640	9,216
Rice	Honduras (through WFP)	Tonnes		2,984														
Rice	Indonesia	Tonnes		14,584														
Rice	Indonesia (loan of rice)	Tonnes		600,000														
Rice	Indonesia (through WFP)	Tonnes		40,702	50,168			15,820										
Rice	Kenya (through WFP)	Tonnes								3,644	3,163	7,151	6,218	7,495				

Product	Destination	Unit	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Rice	Lao People's Democratic Republic (through WFP in 2003)	Tonnes	10,466	7,816	10,527	15,945	15,000	15,925	6,599	7,942	7,510	6,388						
Rice	Liberia (through WFP in 2003)	Tonnes							2,862					8,612		19,101	10,015	12,270
Rice	Madagascar	Tonnes	6,390	5,189	9,905	11,868				4,715	8,857							
Rice	Malawi	Tonnes		4,889														
Rice	Maldives	Tonnes		2,718														
Rice	Mali	Tonnes							5,996	5,316	4,872	3,336	5,330	11,685	12,200			
Rice	Mauritania	Tonnes	4,776	7,560	7,010	8,864	9,002	8,655	8,166	7,748	6,629	6,040	7,629		10,662	10,641	7,653	8,225
Rice	Mongolia	Tonnes		8,659			14,406								9,738	16,171		
Rice	Mozambique (partly through WFP in 2000 and through WFP in 2005)	Tonnes	12,540	10,700	14,045	24,795	18,552	13,733	8,367		2,537	3,135			16,944	19,611	11,895	
Rice	Nepal	Tonnes			9,268				9,700	8,283	5,544	5,249	7,139	9,660	11,185	19,021		
Rice	Nicaragua (through WFP)	Tonnes												4,174				
Rice	Niger	Tonnes	8,067	8,170	8,007	9,216		9,306	7,206	6,396	7,723	5,225	5,145	11,607	8,135		7,664	
Rice	North Korea (through WFP)	Tonnes	67,000			500,000												
Rice	Palestine Refugees (through UNRWA)	Tonnes		15,614														
Rice	Papua New Guinea	Tonnes	8,018															
Rice	Philippines (through WFP)	Tonnes												10,460				
Rice	Democratic Republic of Congo (through WFP)	Tonnes								2,218	1,116	1,210	2,518	2,809				
Rice	Rwanda (through WFP except in 1995 – not mentioned)	Tonnes	4,014								2,192	1,320						
Rice	Sao Tome and Principe (through WFP in 2006)	Tonnes	3,293	3,011	3,097	4,802	5,005	2,773	3,311			1,486	4,339	4,330	3,324	3,612	3,674	3,185
Rice	Senegal	Tonnes	6,360	4,980	5,556	9,341	6,849	7,396	6,776	5,652	6,055	5,660		14,137	15,972	17,566		
Rice	Sierra Leone	Tonnes												6,220			4,075	5,825
Rice	Sri Lanka (through WFP)	Tonnes						12,565	4,632	3,175								

Product	Destination	Unit	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Rice	Tanzania (through WFP in 2005 and 2006)	Tonnes	13,431	13,240	16,898	21,940	20,003	17,016	8,801	7,703	3,776	3,290	12,416		17,309			
Rice	Timor-Leste (through WFP)	Tonnes									1,220	1,274	1,896	1,565				
Rice	Togo	Tonnes	4,111															
Rice	Uganda (through WFP)	Tonnes							1,567	3,270	2,837	4,080	5,176					
Rice, canned tuna	Bangladesh (through WFP)	Tonnes									8,050							
Rice, canned tuna	Cambodia (through WFP)	Tonnes										1,829						
Rice, canned tuna	Great Lakes (in Burundi, Rwanda) (through WFP)	Tonnes								3,431								
Rice, canned tuna	Mozambique (through WFP)	Tonnes								3,150								
Rice, canned tuna	Sri Lanka (through WFP)	Tonnes											6,475	5,917				
Rice, maize	Burundi (through WFP)	Tonnes										2,166						
Rice, maize, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Somalia (through WFP)	Tonnes										3,895						
Rice, maize, CSB <sup>2</sup> , sorghum/millet	Côte d'Ivoire Regional (in Mali, Ghana, Burkina Faso) (through WFP)	Tonnes								3,476								
Rice, pulses	Afghanistan (through WFP)	Tonnes									4,478							
Rice, pulses	Iraq (through WFP)	Tonnes							17,000									
Rice, pulses	Somalia (through WFP)	Tonnes											2,776					
Rice, vegetable oil, pulse	Haiti (through WFP)	Tonnes							3,352									
Rice, wheat	Togo	Tonnes															12,608	12,400
Rice, wheat flour	Gambia	Tonnes													10,389			
Rice, wheat, canned tuna, pulse, and maize meal	African Refugees (through WFP)	Tonnes					48,460											
RSB <sup>5</sup> , Vegetable oil	Myanmar (through WFP)	Tonnes														1,345/ 2,247		
Sorghum	Ethiopia and Eritrea in Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes							2,066									
Sorghum	South Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes																2,156

Product	Destination	Unit	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Sorghum	Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes								7,728								
Sorghum and wheat	Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes					13,127											
Sorghum, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes												9,088				
Vegetable oil	Swaziland (through WFP)	Tonnes							698									
Wheat	Afghanistan (through WFP)	Tonnes						61,685				5,590	5,380			4,581		
Wheat	Bangladesh (through WFP)	Tonnes							5,587						29,171			
Wheat	Burundi	Tonnes														7,788		9,337
Wheat	Chad (through WFP)	Tonnes									1,452							
Wheat	Eritrea	Tonnes					14,608	15,974	3,304	3,558	7,384	10,362	5,915	17,233		13,001		
Wheat	Ethiopia	Tonnes						38,566	6,288	6,819	13,880	11,276	9,596		26,548	14,444		
Wheat	Georgia (through WFP)	Tonnes						2,182										
Wheat	Kenya	Tonnes															12,711	
Wheat	Liberia (through WFP)	Tonnes								2,423								
Wheat	Mongolia	Tonnes						19,191	4,874	9,730	9,271	8,331	10,270					
Wheat	Mozambique	Tonnes												29,658				
Wheat	Palestine (through UNWRA in 2002)	Tonnes					8,562	17,473										
Wheat	Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes									3,108							3,538
Wheat	Tanzania	Tonnes						3,082										
Wheat	Togo	Tonnes												24,062		16,207		
Wheat	Western Sahara (in Cabo Verde, Mauritania, Senegal, Gambia, Mali) (through WFP)	Tonnes						6,003										
Wheat	Yemen (through WFP)	Tonnes																9,707
Wheat and wheat flour	Afghan refugees (through WFP)	Tonnes				12,338												
Wheat and wheat flour	African Refugees (through WFP)	Tonnes	29,876	35,804														
Wheat and wheat flour	Bangladesh	Tonnes	53,763															
Wheat and wheat flour	Caucasian Refugees (through WFP)	Tonnes	11,231															

Product	Destination	Unit	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Wheat and wheat flour	Central African Republic	Tonnes	7,042															
Wheat and wheat flour	Colombia	Tonnes				3,767												
Wheat and wheat flour	Former Yugoslav Refugees (through WFP)	Tonnes	29,120	12,763														
Wheat and wheat flour	Kosovo Refugees (through WFP)	Tonnes		9,473	11,883													
Wheat and wheat flour	Maldives	Tonnes	3,570		5,831	10,623												
Wheat and wheat flour	Mongolia	Tonnes	24,000		22,114	31,268												
Wheat and wheat flour	Nepal	Tonnes	24,299															
Wheat and wheat flour	North Caucasus	Tonnes				4,115												
Wheat and wheat flour	Palestine Refugees (through UNRWA and through WFP in 1999)	Tonnes	20,460		28,284	25,519												
Wheat and wheat flour; Coarse grains; and Rice	African refugees (through WFP)	Tonnes				32,921												
Wheat flour	Afghan Refugees (through WFP)	Tonnes					10,691											
Wheat flour	Burkina Faso	Tonnes												12,855				
Wheat flour	Georgia (through WFP)	Tonnes							2,213	2,594								
Wheat flour	Maldives	Tonnes					4,927	5,438	4,620	5,988	3,792	2,800	3,300	8,093	9,006			
Wheat flour	Palestine (through WFP and through UNWRA in 2003)	Tonnes							14,834	4,659	3,930							
Wheat flour	Tajikistan (through WFP)	Tonnes								2,214								
Wheat flour	Yemen (through WFP)	Tonnes														10,123		
Wheat flour and red lentil	Palestinian Refugees (through WFP)	Tonnes					13,912											
Wheat flour, beans	Tajikistan (through WFP)	Tonnes							1,869									

Product	Destination	Unit	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Wheat flour, canned fish	Palestinian Territory (through WFP)	Tonnes														3,186/108		
Wheat flour, canned tuna	Palestine (through WFP)	Tonnes										2,055	2,350		3,842			
Wheat flour, Canned tuna	West Africa (in Liberia, Sierra Leone, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Ghana) (through WFP)	Tonnes						3,897										
Wheat flour, Chickpeas, Canned fish	Palestinian Territory (through WFP)	Tonnes														4,050/180/74		
Wheat flour, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Chad (through WFP)	Tonnes										1,130						
Wheat flour, Pulses	Afghanistan (through WFP)	Tonnes												5,747				
Wheat flour, pulses	Palestinian Refugees (through UNRWA)	Tonnes								10,147	13,504	10,035		7,412	11,149	9,644/2,386		
Wheat flour, Pulses	Tajikistan (through WFP)	Tonnes												9,552	7,482			
Wheat flour, Pulses, Canned fish	Palestinian Territory (through WFP)	Tonnes																4,050/180/74
Wheat flour, Pulses, Canned tuna	Palestine (through WFP)	Tonnes												2,034				
Wheat flour, Pulses, Sunflower oil	Palestinian refugees (through UNWRA)	Tonnes - litres															7,776/731/1,220,000	8,000/900/1,410,000
Wheat flour, YSP <sup>3</sup>	Djibouti (through WFP)	Tonnes																3,268/506
Wheat flour, YSP <sup>3</sup> , CSB <sup>2</sup>	Chad (through WFP)	Tonnes											2,068					
Wheat, canned fish	Bangladesh (through WFP)	Tonnes																9,249/89
Wheat, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Ethiopia (through WFP)	Tonnes													13,427			
Wheat, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Sierra Leone (through WFP)	Tonnes									1,873							
Wheat, CSB <sup>2</sup>	Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes										7,814						
Wheat, Pulse	Afghanistan Refugees (through WFP)	Tonnes						25,305										
Wheat, Pulse	Azerbaijan (through WFP)	Tonnes						2,467										

Product	Destination	Unit	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Wheat, Pulse	Colombia (through WFP)	Tonnes						2,821										
Wheat, Pulse	Palestinian Refugees (through UNRWA)	Tonnes											6,260					
Wheat, Pulse	Tajikistan (through WFP)	Tonnes						11,750										
Wheat, Pulses	Afghanistan (through WFP)	Tonnes													9,995			
Wheat, sorghum	Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes									4,776							
Wheat, sorghum, YSP <sup>3</sup> ,CSB <sup>2</sup> , pulses	Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes											14,061					
Wheat, white beans	Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes														2,625/ 3,783		
Wheat, WSB <sup>4</sup>	Bangladesh (through WFP)	Tonnes														14,000/ 2,581		
Wheat, WSB <sup>4</sup> , Canned fish	Bangladesh (through WFP)	Tonnes																13,028/ 1,996/ 134
Wheat, YSP <sup>3</sup>	Ethiopia (through WFP)	Tonnes																10,685/ 2,124
Wheat, YSP <sup>3</sup>	Liberia (through WFP)	Tonnes											3,880					
Wheat, YSP <sup>3</sup>	Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes													5,662			
Wheat, YSP <sup>3</sup> , CSB <sup>2</sup>	Sierra Leone (through WFP)	Tonnes											2,855					
WSB <sup>4</sup> , YSP <sup>3</sup>	Djibouti (through WFP)	Tonnes																3,089/ 759
YSP <sup>3</sup>	South Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes																1,959
YSP <sup>3</sup>	Sudan (through WFP)	Tonnes																4,107

1 Japan did not provide food aid between 1 April 1996 and 31 March 1997.

2 CSB: Corn soy blend.

3 YSP: Yellow split peas.

4 WSB: Wheat soy blend.

5 RSB: Rice Soya Blend.

**Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:3 – Fiscal Year (1 April - 31 March) 2013 - 2016**

<b>Product</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>
Maize	Tonnes	4,980	960	897	
Maize meal	Tonnes	5,502	973	616	
Oil	Litres		2,364,000	967,773	792,660
Processed food	Tonnes	5,606	4,846	3,304	1,709
Pulses	Tonnes	9,752	8,197	5,102	1,759
Rice	Tonnes	72,501	90,045	89,157	69,508
Sorghum/Millet	Tonnes	4,285		3,255	61
Wheat	Tonnes	11,153	14,299	14,298	6,934
Wheat flour	Tonnes	7,711	17,188	4,115	6,328



## Kazakhstan

The analysis was carried out on the basis of publicly available information from official sources of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

### **1. Decree of the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 16 April 2020, No. 214 "On the allocation of funds from the Emergency Reserve of the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan for the provision of Official humanitarian assistance to the Kyrgyz Republic and the Republic of Tajikistan" (hereinafter – Decree No. 214)**

#### *1. Product Description*

It is presented in tables 1 and 2.

#### *2. Quantity and/or cost of food aid provided*

**Table 1 - List of material values provided in the form of official humanitarian assistance to the Kyrgyz Republic**

No 1	Name of material values 2	Unit of measurement 3	Quantity 4	Amount, tenge 5
1	Wheat flour of the first grade	Tonne	5,000	647,000,000

**Table 2 - List of material assets provided in the form of official humanitarian assistance to the Republic of Tajikistan**

No 1	Name of material values 2	Unit of measurement 3	Quantity 4	Amount, tenge 5
1	Wheat flour of the first grade	Tonne	5,000	675,000,000

#### *3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted*

According to the Decree of the Republic of Kazakhstan No. 214, the assistance was provided in commodity form.

#### *4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms*

The assistance was provided free of charge.

#### *5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)*

Request from the recipient country.

#### *6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid*

The conditions for the provision of humanitarian assistance are not regulated by the Decree of the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 8 October 2019, No. 743 "On approval of the Rules for the provision of humanitarian assistance."

**2. Decree of the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 13 May 2020, No. 293 "On the provision of official humanitarian assistance to the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan" (hereinafter – Decree No. 293)**

According to Decree No. 293, humanitarian assistance was provided to Afghanistan for certain types of food products.

*1. Product Description*

It is presented in table 3.

*2. Quantity and/or cost of food aid provided*

**Table 3 - List of material assets for the provision of official humanitarian assistance to the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan**

<b>No 1</b>	<b>Name of material values 2</b>	<b>Unit of measurement 3</b>	<b>Quantity 4</b>	<b>Amount, tenge 5</b>
1	Wheat flour of the highest grade	Tonne	1,900	215,237,120
2	Pasta products	Tonne	500	77,000,000
3	Vegetable oil	Litre	400,000	150,000,000
4	Canned milk	Physical bank	200,000	55,000,960

*3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted*

According to Decree No. 293, the assistance was provided in commodity form.

*4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms*

The assistance was provided free of charge.

*5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)*

Request from the recipient country.

*6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid*

The conditions for the provision of humanitarian assistance are not regulated by the Decree of the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 8 October 2019, No. 743 "On approval of the Rules for the provision of humanitarian assistance."

**3. Decree of the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan No. 461 dated 20 July 2020 "On the provision of official humanitarian assistance to the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan and the Republic of Uzbekistan" (hereinafter – Decree No. 461).**

According to Decree No. 461, humanitarian assistance was provided to Uzbekistan for certain types of food products. The Republic of Afghanistan was not provided with assistance for agricultural goods within the framework of this resolution.

*1. Product Description*

It is presented in table 4.

*2. Quantity and/or cost of food aid provided*

**Table 4 - List of material values for the provision of official humanitarian assistance to the Republic of Uzbekistan**

<b>No 1</b>	<b>Name of material values 2</b>	<b>Unit of measurement 3</b>	<b>Quantity 4</b>	<b>Amount, tenge 5</b>
1	Wheat flour, of the highest grade	Tonne	600	68,544,000
2	Buckwheat groats	Tonne	250	92,358,000
3	Vegetable oil	Litre	100,000	37,500,000
4	Canned milk	Physical bank	50,000	13,750,240

*3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetisation was permitted*

The assistance was provided in a commodity form.

*4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms*

The assistance was provided free of charge.

*5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)*

Request from the recipient country.

*6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid*

The conditions for the provision of humanitarian assistance are not regulated by the Decree of the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 8 October 2019, No. 743 "On approval of the Rules for the provision of humanitarian assistance".

## **Korea, Republic of**

### **1. Product description**

The Republic of Korea has been committed to providing KRW 46 billion of food assistance per year under the Food Assistance Convention (FAC) since 2018. All Korean funding is provided as cash-based support to the UN World Food Programme (WFP), and in fully grant form.

### **2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided**

In the 2018-19 Financial Year, the Republic of Korea provided KRW 46 billion each year in food assistance through the WFP.

### **3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetization was permitted**

Food aid is cash-based, and is done through the WFP.

### **4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

All financial assistance for food aid provided by the Republic of Korea is in fully grant form.

### **5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

Korea's food assistance is based on emergency appeals by international organizations, such as WFP or requests by recipient countries with relevant assessment on humanitarian needs.

### **6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

Re-export is not applicable.

## New Zealand

### 1. Product description

Not applicable.

### 2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided

New Zealand currently provides NZD 6 million annually in core funding for the UN World Food Programme (WFP).

Since 1 July 2010 New Zealand has also provided one-off food aid funding to the WFP for the following countries and regions.

Financial year	Country/region	Amount (in NZD million)
2010/11	Sahel	1
	Pakistan (flood relief)	1
	Afghanistan (flood relief)	1
	Horn of Africa	1
2011/12	Niger	0.5
	Burkina Faso	1
	Pakistan (flood relief)	0.5
	Horn of Africa	1
2012/13	Myanmar	1
2013/14	Syria	0.75
	Philippines (Typhoon Haiyan)	1.5
	Central African Republic	0.5
	South Sudan	0.7
2014/15	--	--
2015/16	Myanmar (flood relief)	0.2
	Fiji (Cyclone response)	0.041
2016/17	South Sudan	2
	Somalia	1
2017/18	Bangladesh (Rohingya refugee response)	0.5
	Philippines (Marawi)	0.5
	Somalia	0.5
	South Sudan refugee response (regional)	1
2018/19	Ethiopia	1.55
	Ethiopia	2
2019/20	-	-
2020/21	Yemen	1.5
	South Sudan	2

In addition, during 2020/21, New Zealand provided:

- a cash contribution of NZD 2.5 million to the Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) for famine mitigation across the world's most at risk settings;
- A cash contribution of NZD 1.5 million to the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) for the distribution of nutrition and food in Yemen.

**3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetization was permitted**

All financial assistance for food aid provided by New Zealand is in fully grant form.

**4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

All financial assistance for food aid provided by New Zealand is in fully grant form.

**5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

All of New Zealand's financial assistance for food aid is based on assessments and appeals by UN agencies, the Red Cross, partner countries, and other donor countries.

**6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

No. Re-export is not an option under the terms of New Zealand's provision of food aid.

## Norway

Norway provides food aid in the form of economic assistance through organizations such as WFP. Norwegian assistance includes long-term development programmes as well as emergency relief aid. All Norwegian food aid is provided fully on grant terms.

Reference is made to the notifications to the Committee on Agriculture for the years 1995 through 2019:

G/AG/N/NOR/6 for the calendar year 1995  
 G/AG/N/NOR/20 for the calendar year 1997  
 G/AG/N/NOR/26 for the calendar year 1998  
 G/AG/N/NOR/33 for the calendar year 1999  
 G/AG/N/NOR/34 for the calendar year 2000  
 G/AG/N/NOR/37 for the calendar year 2001  
 G/AG/N/NOR/42 for the calendar years 2002 and 2003  
 G/AG/N/NOR/44 for the calendar years 2004, 2005 and 2006  
 G/AG/N/NOR/54/Rev.1 for the calendar years 2007 and 2008  
 G/AG/N/NOR/60 for the calendar year 2009  
 G/AG/N/NOR/62 for the calendar year 2010  
 G/AG/N/NOR/68 for the calendar year 2011  
 G/AG/N/NOR/70 for the calendar year 2012  
 G/AG/N/NOR/79 for the calendar year 2013  
 G/AG/N/NOR/84 for the calendar year 2014  
 G/AG/N/NOR/88 for the calendar year 2015  
 G/AG/N/NOR/93 for the calendar year 2016  
 G/AG/N/NOR/100 for the calendar year 2017  
 G/AG/N/NOR/107 for the calendar year 2018  
 G/AG/N/NOR/113 for the calendar year 2019

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:3 – Calendar year

Product	Unit	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002-2016 <sup>2</sup>
Milk powder <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes	20.1							
Skimmed milk powder	Tonnes	192.4	13.6	82.9	66.5	369	1,056	0	

- 1 No milk powder was provided as food aid in 1996 – 2001.
- 2 Nil reply except for 2008 and 2009 (No. ES:3 notification).

## Russian Federation

### 1. Product description

Not applicable.

### 2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided

The Russian Federation provides USD 52.0 million in 2020 for the UN World Food Programme.

Country/Region	2020 USD million
Afghanistan	1.0
Burundi	2.0
Central African Republic	2.0
Cuba	2.0
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	4.0
Djibouti	2.0
Kyrgyz Republic	5.0
Lebanon	3.0
Nicaragua	2.0
Palestine	3.0
Sierra Leone	2.0
Somalia	2.0
Syria	12.0
Tajikistan	6.0
Yemen	4.0

### 3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetization was permitted

In fully grant form.

### 4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms

In fully grant form.

### 5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)

All financial assistance for food aid is based on appeals by UN agencies.

### 6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid

Not applicable.



## Slovak Republic

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:1 – Calendar year

Ref	Product	Unit	1995-1998	1999	2000-2002	2003	2004 <sup>2</sup>
1	Beef	Thousand Tonnes	0	0.11	0	0	0
2	Pork	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0
3	Poultry, eggs, poultry products	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0
4	Sheep meat	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0
5	Milk powder	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0.25	0
6	Other dairy products	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0
7	Fruit, vegetables, their products	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0
8	Seeds, hops	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0
9	Vegetable oil fats	Thousand Tonnes	0	0.12	0	0	0
10	Sugars, sugar, confectionery	Thousand Tonnes	0	0.26	0	0	0
11	Yeast	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0
12	Beer	Million Litres	0	0	0	0	0
13	Wine	Million Litres	0	0	0	0	0
14	Spirits beverages	Million Litres	0	0	0	0	0
15	Starch	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0
16	Malt	Thousand Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0
17	Cereal, flour products	Thousand Tonnes	0	0.41	0	0	0

1 Canned meat.

2 Until 30 April only – Accession of the Slovak Republic to the European Union.

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:3 – Calendar year

Product	Unit	1995-1998 <sup>1</sup>	1999 <sup>2</sup>	2000-2002 <sup>3</sup>	2003
Canned bovine meat	Thousand Tonnes		0.1		
Milk powder	Tonnes				250
Sugar	Thousand Tonnes		0.26		
Vegetable oil	Thousand Tonnes		0.12		
Wheat flour	Thousand Tonnes		0.41		

1 The Slovak Republic did not supply any quantities of food aid notifiable under Table ES:3. There has been no export subsidy on food aid in 1998.

2 There has been no export subsidy on food aid in 1999 in the Slovak Republic.

3 There has been no export subsidy on food aid in 2000 in the Slovak Republic. There was no food aid granted in 2002 by the Slovak Republic.

## South Africa

South Africa has taken note of the Nairobi Ministerial Decision on export competition and will compile future notifications accordingly.

### 1. Product description

South Africa provides all its food aid through the United Nations' World Food Programme (WFP), and other relevant organisations; and its contribution to the organisations is cash based.

### 2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided

All of South Africa's food aid assistance is cash based and such information is also notified in its NF:1 notification.

**Table 1 The values of Food aid provided**

Year	Amount, Destination and Purpose
1995	N/A
1996	N/A
1997	N/A
1998	N/A
1999	N/A
2000	South Africa donated ZAR 7,097,204 to Rwanda for food aid. 2000 tonnes of food parcels donated to victims of floods in Mozambique. 28 tonnes of food parcels donated to disabled persons in Angola.
2001	South Africa donated ZAR 500,000 to Malawi for food aid via the World Food Programme. South Africa spent ZAR 500,000 through UNHCR for urgent food relief to Angolan and DRC refugees in Zambia for major drought and food insecurity.
2002	South Africa pledged ZAR 170 million to the World Food Programme (WFP) to purchase maize for Malawi, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Mozambique, Swaziland and Lesotho for food security purposes. South Africa donated ZAR 100,000 to each government of Ethiopia and Eritrea for food security via the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRCRCS). ZAR 1 million was donated directly to the Government of Lesotho for food relief.
2003	South Africa donated ZAR 100 million via World Food Programme (WFP) for emergency food supplies to food insecurity victims in six SADC countries.
2004	South Africa provided ZAR 100 million in technical and financial assistance to seven SADC countries. The effected countries were Zimbabwe, Zambia, Swaziland, Mozambique, Malawi, Lesotho and Namibia. The allocation was apportioned as follows: ZAR 70 million to the FAO for rehabilitation of agricultural production, ZAR 20 million to the WFP for the delivery of food aid and a ZAR 10 million contribution to the SADC Secretariat through the WFP towards the establishment of a regional early warning system in relation to food security.
2005	South Africa provided ZAR 140 million in technical and financial assistance to seven SADC countries. The effected countries were Zimbabwe, Zambia, Swaziland, Mozambique, Malawi, Lesotho and Namibia. The allocation was apportioned as follows: ZAR 133 million to the WFP for food relief and the remaining ZAR 7 million will be utilized to support the SADC regional early warning system.
2006	South Africa donated ZAR 1 million to the WFP for humanitarian projects in Zimbabwe. South Africa donated ZAR 1.5 million to the FAO for humanitarian projects in Somalia.
2007	South Africa donated ZAR 1 million to the WFP for humanitarian projects in Zimbabwe. South Africa donated ZAR 1.5 million to the FAO for humanitarian projects in Somalia.
2008	South Africa donated ZAR 2 million to the WFP for humanitarian projects in Madagascar, Uganda and Sudan. South Africa donated ZAR 1 million to the FAO for humanitarian projects in Burkina Faso and Nicaragua.

Year	Amount, Destination and Purpose
2009	South Africa donated ZAR 1.5 million to the UN World Food Programme (WFP) for emergency relief in Somalia due to persisting drought. South Africa donated ZAR 1.5 million to the World Food Programme for emergency relief in Ethiopia due to persisting drought. South Africa contributed ZAR 700,000 to Food and Agricultural Organization (FAO); and ZAR 700,000 to the WFP in response to the UN Flash Appeal to support humanitarian assistance to Haiti, due to the Haiti Earthquake.
2010	South Africa donated ZAR 1 million to the WFP for relief, following worsening food insecurity in Niger. South Africa contributed ZAR 1 million to the WFP to help with Democratic People's Republic of Korea – DPRK's food operations.
2011	South Africa donated ZAR 1.5 million to FAO for humanitarian assistance. South Africa provided a financial contribution of R 1.5 million to the WFP towards humanitarian crisis in the Sahel Region.
2012	South Africa provided a financial contribution of ZAR 1 million to the WFP for the Union of Comoros, following territorial rains. South Africa contributed ZAR 1 million to the WFP in humanitarian assistance for food shortages in Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK). South Africa contributed ZAR 2 million to the WFP following its appeal to assist Malawi with its growing food insecure population crisis. South Africa donated ZAR 2.5 million to FAO for humanitarian assistance.
2013	South African contributed ZAR 3 million to the WFP for food aid in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC); and ZAR 3 million for food aid in Namibia. South Africa donated ZAR 2.5 million to FAO for humanitarian assistance.

### 3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetization was permitted

The food aid assistance is cash based, and is done through the WFP or other organizations, therefore monetization is not applicable in this case.

### 4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms

Food aid is provided in fully grant form and is cash based.

### 5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)

South Africa relies on the UN's WFP for needs assessment, and thus, responds to declarations of emergency and/or emergency appeals.

### 6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid

The food aid assistance is cash based, and is done through the WFP and other organisations; therefore re-export is not applicable in this case.

### But

The following products were provided for food aid in the years 2001 and 2002 as notified in table ES:3.

**Table 2 Food Aid Quantities**

Year	Product Description	Destination	Quantities
2001	Maize and maize products (10.05; 11.02.20; 11.03.13; 11.04.23; 11.08.12; 23.02.10)	Maize meal donated to victims of volcanic eruption in Goma, the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC)	36 Tonnes
2002	Maize and maize products (11.02.20)	Maize meal donated on appeals by Angola.	100 Tonnes

Note: This assistance was provided in-kind and monetization was not permitted. It was in fully grant form. The food aid assistance was provided on the basis of declaration of emergency and an emergency appeal. Re-export was not an option.

**Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:3 – Marketing year starting 1 April**

Product	Unit	1995-2000 <sup>1</sup>	2001	2002	2003-2014 <sup>1</sup>
Maize and maize products	Tonnes		36 <sup>2</sup>	100 <sup>3</sup>	

1 No food aid notifiable under Table ES:3 was given during the calendar years 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000 and from 2003 until 2014.

2 Maize meal donated to victims of volcanic eruption in Goma, the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC).

3 Maize meal donated on appeals by Angola.

**Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:1 – Calendar year**

Product	Unit	2015-2016 <sup>1</sup>

1 No food aid was provided during the period

## Switzerland

### 1. Product description

Since 2018, Swiss food aid has consisted solely of financial contributions to the World Food Programme (WFP). The final use of this financial aid is subject to an annual contractual agreement between Switzerland and the WFP. In accordance with this agreement, the WFP buys skimmed milk powder from Switzerland for countries in which WFP programmes depend on the distribution of this product to combat chronic malnutrition.

### 2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided

Switzerland contributed CHF 90 million to the WFP in 2020. The WFP bought 540 tonnes of skimmed milk powder for CHF 1.83 million from Switzerland.

### 3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetization was permitted

The financial contributions made to the WFP comprise payments that are earmarked for specific WFP operations (see question 1) as well as payments that the WFP may use as it sees fit without any specific conditions. In order to stimulate the markets and local production in the countries concerned and to honour its commitments under the Food Assistance Convention, Switzerland encourages the purchase of local or regional goods. Monetization has not been applied.

### 4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms

All Swiss food aid is provided on fully grant terms and not on concessional terms (see question 5).

### 5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)

Switzerland works closely with the WFP. It contributes to WFP operations on the basis of the vulnerability analysis and mapping (VAM) carried out periodically by the WFP.

### 6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid

The re-export of food aid has not been permitted.

### Comment regarding the ES:3 notification table:

It was past practice for Switzerland's notifications also to include the transactions that were not purchased in Switzerland. Consequently, the food aid supplied in-kind represents only a part of the aid that appears in the historical data.

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:3 – Calendar year

Product	Notified Quantity Unit <sup>6</sup>	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Cheese (processed) <sup>2</sup>	Tonnes	897	184	168	221	420	250	105	235			45	45	45
Coarse grains <sup>1,4</sup>	Tonnes	18,336	14,236	22,438	8,151	12,308	1,424	2,861	1,148	8,495	5,788	11,828	11,151	11,533
High protein products <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes						3,521		4,618	1,939		0		

Product	Notified Quantity Unit <sup>6</sup>	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Meat	Tonnes			2,862	1,267	1,287	0	1,812						
Other <sup>1,5</sup>	Tonnes												4,989	6,541
Other cereal products <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes							203			5,713			
Other dairy products	Tonnes	1,646	1,179	757	833	872	777	271	2,620	1,627	620	254	516	
Pulses	Tonnes							703			3,420			
Rice <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes	17,500	12,685	6,381	6,533	8,169	7,851	925	9,015	5,912	5,607	6,488	6,078	8,343
Milk powder <sup>3</sup>	Tonnes	1,137	955	1,204	1,345	1,269	744	1,877	6,785	1,087	899	883	979	1,129
Sugar <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes						1,769	667	762	1,943	2,562	1,154	1,830	135
Vegetable oil <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes						13,129	1,753		1,753	2,586			
Wheat and wheat flour <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes in wheat equivalent	5,956	11,058	18,264	10,898	9,278	14,063	2,290	6,300	11,624	14,886	15,936	14,983	4,290
Legumes and beans <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes													

Product	Notified Quantity Unit <sup>6</sup>	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Cheese (processed) <sup>2</sup>	Tonnes	160	117	154	100.3	88.42	28.00	16.38		5.0				
Coarse grains <sup>1,4</sup>	Tonnes	11,846	6,229	9,307	4,477	9,698.65	8,857.91							
High protein products <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes	1,464	1,574	2										
Meat	Tonnes													
Other <sup>1,5</sup>	Tonnes	1,907	3,020	195	1,690	2,575.81	2,412.75							
Other cereal products <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes													
Other dairy products	Tonnes													
Pulses	Tonnes													
Rice <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes	5,145	4,687	5,771	5,121	4,177.40	3,979.07							
Milk powder <sup>3</sup>	Tonnes	3,211	2,083	3,664	3,550.6	4,208.39	2,945.62	2,814.09	3,149.86	4140.7	2,763.6	1,966.3	1,375	540
Sugar <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes	1,090	229	4		1,311.42	653.07							
Vegetable oil <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes					1,674.01	1,085.38							
Wheat and wheat flour <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes in wheat equivalent	5,180	2,901	5,584	9,333	2,527.79	9,338.35							
Legumes and beans <sup>1</sup>	Tonnes					872.12	2,472.11							

1 Including triangular transactions from developing country to developing country (except in 1995: triangular transactions, developing countries to developing countries, financed by Switzerland) (except for wheat and wheat flour in 1996 and 1997 and for "other" in 2006 and 2007).

2 Except in 1995 and 1996: cheese.

3 Except in 1995 and 1996 (skimmed milk powder) and between 1997 and 2006 (Skimmed milk powder with added vitamins and sugar).

4 In 2012 and 2013, coarse grains and maize (corn) flour.

5 In 2012, notably maize-soya blends, iodized salt and soya-fortified rice; in 2013, notably pasta, soya-fortified rice and iodized salt.

6. Since 1998: Actual quantities in tonnes

Note: It was past practice for Switzerland's notifications also to include the transactions that were not purchased in Switzerland. Consequently, the food aid supplied in-kind represents only a part of the aid that appears in the historical data.

## Chinese Taipei

### **1. Product description**

Rice.

### **2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided**

In year 2020, TPKM provided 26,910 tonnes of milled rice for food aid.

### **3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetization was permitted**

Food aid is provided on in-kind basis only, and monetisation is not permitted.

### **4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms**

All food aid is provided in fully grant form.

### **5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

Fully grant humanitarian aid is provided by the Council of Agriculture (COA) to the government or NGO when famine or disaster occurs. Either the government or NGO should file an application form and provide a food aid project proposal to the COA. Then the COA will call a committee inviting authorities from the Ministry of Health and Welfare, and Ministry of Foreign Affairs to assess the application and the project. Upon approval, an official contract will be signed between the COA and the applicant to ensure the delivery of the food aid.

### **6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

Each food aid contract gives very clear instructions on where the food aid should be landed and no transshipment is allowed. The contract also forbids resale or conversion into other usage in the local or foreign markets.

## Thailand

### 1. Product description

Rice.

### 2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided

Calendar Year/Quantity (tonnes)

2015: 1,000 tonnes.

2018: 1,000 tonnes.

### 3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetization was permitted

Thailand provided in-kind food aid.

### 4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms

Thailand provided food aid in fully granted form.

### 5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)

Calendar Year 2015:

1. Thailand provided 500 tonnes of rice as food aid to the Philippines on the emergency situation of typhoon Hagupit in 2015.
2. Thailand provided 500 tonnes of rice as food aid to Malaysia on the emergency situation of flooding in 2015.

Calendar Year 2018:

1. Thailand provided 1,000 tonnes of rice as food aid to Mozambique on the emergency situation of drought in 2018.

### 6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid

No condition on re-export.

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:3 – Calendar year

Product	Notified Quantity Unit	2015	2018
Rice	Tonnes	1.000	1.000



## Turkey

### 1. Product description

Turkish government donated wheat flour, rice, olive oil, sunflower-seed oil (refined), lamb/hogget/mutton (fresh, chilled or frozen), beef (fresh, chilled or frozen), pasta, semolina, couscous, delights, dates, onions, scallions, lettuce, cumin, turmeric powder, ginger, creams, yogurt, yogurt processed with water, dried plums, raisins, cheese, coffee, green and red lentils (shelled, unshelled), edible offal, vermicelli, tomato paste, carrots, ground-nuts (prepared), ground-nut puree, fruit juices (concentrated), sugar, tea (green + black), halva, beans, chickpeas, garlic, food parcel, catering service, hot meal (bread, meat distribution).

### 2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided

In Turkey, food aid is conducted by various authorities. In 2020, food aid provided by Turkey is as follows:

Responsible Authority	Product	Value/Quantity of Food Aid Provided (USD)
Turkish Red Crescent	Food parcel, catering service (various food items), hot meal, bread, food supply (meat distribution)	39,420,663.47
Turkish Cooperation and Coordination Agency	Wheat flour, rice, olive oil, sunflower-seed oil (refined), lamb/hogget/mutton (fresh, chilled or frozen), beef (fresh, chilled or frozen), rice, pasta, semolina, couscous, delights, dates, onions, scallions, lettuce, cumin, turmeric powder, ginger, creams, yogurt, yogurt processed with water, dried plums, raisins, cheese, coffee, green and red lentils (shelled, unshelled), edible offal, vermicelli, tomato paste, carrots, ground-nuts (prepared), ground-nut puree, fruit juices (concentrated), sugar, tea (green + black), halva, beans, chickpeas, garlic	3,839,278.33
Disaster and Emergency Management Authority	Flour, chickpea and food package	10,381,112

### 3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetization was permitted

Turkey provides a mix of in-kind and untied cash-based food aid. Monetization is not permitted.

### 4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms

The Turkish food aid was provided fully in grant form.

### 5. Description of Needs Assessments

Turkish Food Aid is provided in response to emergency situations declared by recipient countries, in accordance with the relevant needs assessment made by the Turkish Government.

## 6. Allowance for Re-Export

Food aid provided by the Turkish government targets needy groups of the recipient country. In order to avoid commercial displacement, the re-export of food aid is not allowed.

### Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:1 – Calendar year

Ref	Product	Unit	1995-2012	2012 <sup>1</sup>	2013 <sup>1</sup>
26	Wheat flour	Tonnes	0	7,075	40,000

1 Food aid data would be reviewed/revised as necessary.

## United States of America

### 1. Product description

The United States ships a variety of products for use in food aid programmes, including wheat, corn, sorghum, vegetable oil, pulses, and fortified blended foods. Specific descriptions of products are available at the following website: <https://www.usaid.gov/food-assistance/resources/food-aid-product-descriptions>.

### 2. Quantity and/or value of food aid provided

For U.S. Fiscal Year 2020, the United States provided 1.8 million tonnes of in-kind food aid with a total value of USD 760 million. The United States also provided USD 2.9 billion in Fiscal Year 2020 of assistance through cash transfers, vouchers, or locally and regionally procured food through the Emergency Food Security Program.

Commodity	Food Aid Quantity for FY 2020 (in tonnes) <sup>4</sup>
Beans	5,270
Bulgar	3,010
Corn	940
Corn-Soy Blend Plus	31,990
Corn Soy Blend Super Cereal Plus	26,817
Cornmeal	30,270
Lentils	33,650
Peas	141,840
Ready to Use Supplementary and Therapeutic Foods	19,692
Rice	114,100
Salmon, Pink Canned	360
Sorghum	392,220
Soybean Meal	84,030
Soybean Oil	24,730
Sunflower Seed Oil	60
Vegetable Oil	99,470
Wheat	755,010
Wheat Flour	1,850
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,765,309</b>

### 3. Description of whether food aid is provided on in-kind, untied cash-based basis and whether monetization was permitted

The United States provides a mix of in-kind food aid, cash transfers, vouchers, and locally procured food. Monetization is permitted.

### 4. Description of whether in fully grant form or concessional terms

All US food assistance is provided in fully grant terms.

<sup>4</sup> Data is based on actual agricultural products shipped during U.S. Fiscal Year 2020 and is subject to change as commodity shipments are finalized.

**5. Description of relevant needs assessment (and by whom) and whether food aid is responding to a declaration of emergency or an emergency appeal (and by whom)**

U.S. food assistance responses to emergencies are provided through recipient governments, private voluntary organizations, and other international organizations, in particular the United Nations' World Food Programme (WFP). These organizations work closely with the national and local governments in the recipient countries to conduct needs assessments and identify the regions and beneficiary groups requiring emergency food assistance. Emergency food assistance is provided based on populations in need, and a disaster declaration is not a pre-requisite for response.

U.S. food assistance for non-emergency development/capacity building is provided by private voluntary organizations, cooperatives, governments of developing countries and their agencies, universities, the WFP and other international organizations. The U.S. Government works with the implementing organizations and the recipient governments to analyze markets and choose agricultural products that will not disrupt local production, prices, local markets, or commercial trade. Consistent with the Food Assistance Convention reporting, these assessments can be done by U.S. Government experts or by contracting with an independent third party.

**6. Description of whether re-export of food aid is an option under the terms of the provision of food aid**

Re-export of food assistance is not allowed.

**Food Aid Quantities – Notification ES:1 – Fiscal year (beginning 1 October)**

Ref	Product	Unit	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
1	Wheat and wheat flour <sup>1,2</sup>	Tonnes	1,531,271	1,449,136	1,075,187	3,202,192	5,315,092	2,364,693	3,158,926	891,440	1,971,506
2	Coarse Grains <sup>3</sup>	Tonnes	73,563	12,949	116,168	111,688	78,151	45,281	101,405	71,710	259,600
3	Rice	Tonnes	149,716	188,503	111,252	382,710	935,575	303,276	255,920	414,638	205,500
4	Vegetable oils	Tonnes	173,640	175,074	157,262	0	1,440,380	365,258	416,095	356,460	246,300
5	Butter and butter oil	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Skim milk powder	Tonnes	3,445	0	0	0	260,576	24,204	30,040	74,650	81,300
7	Cheese	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Other milk products	Tonnes	9,203	0	3,303	0	9,250	450	0	0	0
9	Bovine meat	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	44,946	0	0	0	0
10	Pigmeat	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	50,005	0	0	0	0
11	Poultry meat	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	74,163	0	0	0	0
12	Live dairy cattle (head)	Head	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Eggs (dozen)	Dozen	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Ref	Product	Unit	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
1	Wheat and wheat flour <sup>1,2</sup>	Tonnes	2,429,150	1,478,911	1,254,706	1,006,978	1,273,156	1,228,213	98,851	859,214	555,464	565,470	341,990	913,410
2	Coarse Grains <sup>3</sup>	Tonnes	392,800	481,400	416,100	832,900	830,900	510,030	460	307,980	300,770	301,090	348,250	523,360
3	Rice	Tonnes	186,000	89,000	97,070	118,900	63,800	198,000	25,360	186,070	76,770	93,630	48,450	105,190
4	Vegetable oils	Tonnes	285,600	244,800	220,280	191,100	178,600	191,710	3,180	88,251	88,492	109,962	91,372	101,501
5	Butter and butter oil	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-
6	Skim milk powder	Tonnes	37,200	13,800	6,480	0	100	680	0	0	0	-	-	-
7	Cheese	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-
8	Other milk products	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-
9	Bovine meat	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-
10	Pigmeat	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-
11	Poultry meat	Tonnes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-
12	Live dairy cattle (head)	Head	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-
13	Eggs (dozen)	Dozen	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-

1 Until 2010: Includes wheat, bulgur wheat and wheat flour on wheat equivalent basis.

2 Notified as wheat until 2000.

3 Includes sorghum in 1995-2003 and 2007-2010; Includes sorghum and barley in 2004-2006.

### Notification ES:3 – Fiscal year (beginning 1 October)

Product	Unit	1996 <sup>3</sup>	2016	2017	2018	2019
Coarse grains	Tonnes	12,949 <sup>1</sup>	375,230	355,900	414,540	393,160
Rice	Tonnes	188,503	111,600	82,760	81,940	114,100
Vegetable oil	Tonnes	175,074	140,622	115,610	192,970	124,260
Wheat and wheat flour	Tonnes	1,449,136 <sup>2</sup>	854,420	667,800	988,950	756,860
Oilcakes	Tonnes		20,000	46,800	49,290	84,030

1 Sorghum.

2 Includes wheat, bulgur wheat and wheat flour on wheat equivalent basis.

3 Fiscal year beginning July 1996.

### Viet Nam

Use the rights of the national reserves (managed by the Ministry of Finance) or specific direction of the Prime Minister.